ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17a-5

PART III

U.S. SECURITI WA



and Dealers

IMISSION

Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

SEC FILE NO.

8-27359

REPORT 1	FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING -	04/01/04 MM/DD/YY	_	G <u>03/31/05</u> MM/DD/YY	
	A. REGISTRANT ID	ENTIFICAT	ION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEAL	ER:				
Peninsular Securities Con	mpany				irm ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	PLACE OF BUSINESS:				RECEIVED CONTRACT
161 Ottawa NW Suite 10	00A			1 34	(6)
(No. and Street)				\mathcal{A}	ా โปป์จี
Grand Rapids	Michig	an		49503	
(City)	(State)				(00/3/
Donald G. Karpinski	(616) 459-4336 (Area Code - Telephone	No)			
	B. ACCOUNTANT	IDENTIFI	CATION		
	IC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion i ate last, first, middle name)	s contained in	this Report*		
Rehmann Robson	2330 East Paris Ave., SE, P.	.O. Box 6547	Grand Rapids	MI	49516-6547
	(Number and Stre	eet)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:					
Certified Public A	Accountant		PROC	CESSED	
Public Accountar	nt		JUN	16 2005	
Accountant not re	esident in United States or any of	its possessio	ns. Juk	DVISON ANCIAL	
	A Section Control of the Control of		d1	116	

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❖ Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410(1-78)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Donald G. Karpinski</u>, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>Peninsular Securities Company</u>, as of <u>March 31</u>, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

	No	ne		
Ĝ),a	ld J. Karpinski		
Signature				
_	-		•	
	re	asurer		
Title	ane	MANCY E. FIRLIK NOTARY PUBLIC KENT CO., MI NOT COMMESSION EXPERS DOC 18, 2008		
Notary Pu	blic	U		
This repor	rt** co	ontains (check all applicable boxes):		
X	(a)	Facing page.		
X	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.		
X	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss) and Retained Earnings.		
X	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.		
	(e)	Statement of Shareholders' Equi ty.		
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.		
X	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.		
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.		
	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.		
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Unc	ier Rule	15c3-
		1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Ru	ule 15c3-	·3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with methods of consolidation.	respect t	0
X	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.		
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since previous audit.	the date o	of the
X	(o)	Independent Auditors' Re port on Internal Accounting Control.		

For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-

5(e)(3).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Financial Statements for the Year Ended March 31, 2005	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Income and Retained Earnings	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5-6
Supplemental Schedule	
I Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	7-8
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	9-10

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An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

April 28 2005

Board of Directors Peninsular Securities Company Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Peninsular Securities Company as of March 31, 2005, and the related statements of income and retained earnings, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Peninsular Securities Company as of March 31, 2005 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Loham

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

MARCH 31, 2005

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 141,538
Receivable from clearing organization	75,316
Membership in Exchange, at cost (fair value of \$20,000)	5,252
Equipment at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$47,852	10,048
Cash surrender value of life insurance	45,961
Deposits with clearing organization	25,000
Other assets	2,214
Total assets	\$ 305,329
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 47,476
Commitments (Note C)	
Shareholders' equity	
Common stock - authorized 50,000 shares of \$1 par	
value; issued and outstanding 30,000 shares	30,000
Additional contributed capital	90,346
Retained earnings	137,507
Total shareholders' equity	257,853
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 305,329

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 1,120,376
Interest	1,886
Other	103,649
Total revenues	1,225,911
Expenses	
Employee compensation and benefits	727,725
Clearing and floor brokerage	210,453
Communications	45,309
Occupancy and equipment rental	61,438
Interest	536
Taxes, other than income taxes	55,465
Other operating expenses	105,110
Total expenses	1,206,036
Income before income taxes	19,875
Income taxes	3,794
Net income	16,081
Retained earnings, April 1, 2004	121,426
Retained earnings, March 31, 2005	\$ 137,507

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 16,081
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	,.
Depreciation	5,393
Cash surrender value of life insurance	2,658
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash	-,
Receivable from clearing organization	38,708
Other assets	(343)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(39,992)
recounts payable and accraca machines	(37,772)
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,505
Cash used in investing activities	
Purchases of equipment	(3,374)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	19,131
Cash and cash equivalents, April 1, 2004	122,407
Cash and cash equivalents, March 31, 2005	\$ 141,538
Supplemental cash flows information	
Interest paid	\$ 536
Transport Law	
Income taxes paid	\$ 3,794

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business and Concentration Risk

The principal business activity of Peninsular Securities Company (the "Company") is a securities broker/dealer, primarily in West Michigan. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the State of Michigan and several other states and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, the Securities Investor Protection Corporation and the Chicago Stock Exchange.

The Company introduces transactions and accounts on a fully disclosed basis. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, it operates under certain exemptive regulatory provisions.

The Company maintains cash deposits in one financial institution. Deposits up to \$100,000 are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Management believes that deposits in excess of \$100,000 do not represent substantial credit risk.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transaction date for financial reporting purposes, and on a transaction date basis for tax purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits in banks, money market funds and cash on hand.

Equipment and Depreciation

Equipment is recorded at cost. Major improvements and renewals are capitalized while ordinary maintenance and repairs are expensed. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which is 5 years. Management annually reviews these assets to determine whether carrying values have been impaired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At March 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$220,764, which was \$170,764 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .22 to 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. COMMITMENTS

Stock Repurchase Agreement

Upon the death of a shareholder, all Company stock held by the deceased shareholder must be repurchased by the Company. In the event of termination of employment, the shareholder has the right to require the Company to purchase the stock within two years after termination of employment. The price of shares acquired shall be the adjusted book value as defined in the agreement. The Company has obtained insurance on the lives of the shareholders in amounts approximating the purchase price in order to fund any obligation arising pursuant to this agreement.

Lease Commitments

The Company conducts substantially all of its business from leased office facilities. The leases, which are classified for accounting purposes as operating leases, provide for payment of normal operating and maintenance expenses by the Company and expire in May 2005, December 2005 and March 2009. Under the lease agreement which expires in 2009, the Company has the option to terminate the lease in 2006 and 2008 in exchange for payment of a cancellation fee. Total rent expense for the year ended March 31, 2005 was \$61,438. Minimum future rentals under noncancelable leases are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount
2006	\$ 67,035

D. LINE OF CREDIT

The Company has a \$250,000 unsecured line of credit with a bank. The line provides for interest on borrowings at 0.25% over prime (effective rate of 6.0% at March 31, 2005) and is due on demand. There were no outstanding borrowings on the line as of March 31, 2005.

E. PENSION PLAN

The Company maintains a deferred compensation plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under this plan, substantially all employees are permitted to contribute up to the limit set by the Internal Revenue Code into the retirement plan. Company contributions to the plan are discretionary. The Company has elected to not match employee contributions for the year ended March 31, 2005.

* * * * * *

SCHEDULE

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

AS OF MARCH 31, 2005

Net capital Total shareholders' equity	\$ 257,853
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets Exchange membership \$ 5,2	
Equipment 10,0 Other assets 2,2	
Excess fidelity bond coverage deductible 4,0	
Potential termination fees under clearing agreement15,5	
	37,089
NET CAPITAL	\$ 220,764

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Continued)

AS OF MARCH 31, 2005

Aggregate Indebtedness Items included in statement of financial condition: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total aggregate indebtedness	
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 3,165
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$ 50,000
Net capital requirement	\$ 50,000
Excess net capital	\$ 170,764
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 216,016
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.22 to 1

There was no material difference between the audited and unaudited computation of net capital.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5



REHMANN ROBSON

Certified Public Accountants

A member of THE REHMANN GROUP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

April 28, 2005

Board of Directors Peninsular Securities Company Grand Rapids, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Peninsular Securities Company (the "Company") for the year ended March 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 (CONTINUED)

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Johann